

Total No. of Questions : 8] [Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

Paper Code : 21311

F-411

B.C.A. (Third Semester)

Examination, 2021

(New Course)

Paper No. BCA-301-N

**COMPUTER ORIENTED NUMERICAL
ANALYSIS**

Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 70

**Note : Attempt any five questions. All questions
carry equal marks.**

1. (a) Define absolute, relative and percentage errors. An appropriate value of π is given by 3.1428571 and its true value is 3.1415926. Find the absolute and relative errors.

(1)

P.T.O.

- (b) Find the real root of $x^3 - 2x - 1 = 0$ between 1 and 2 by bisection method. Compute five iterations.

2. (a) Use Newton-Raphson method to find a root of the equation $x^3 - 3x - 5 = 0$.

- (b) Find the cube root of 18 correct upto three decimal places by Regula Falsi method.

3. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^6 \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ by Simpson's 1/3rd rule by dividing the interval into 6 parts.

- (b) Evaluate $\int_3^7 x^2 \log x \, dx$ taking 4 strips by Simpson's 3/8th rule.

4. (a) Use Lagrange's formula to find $f(6)$ from the following table

| | | | | | |
|------|----|-----|-----|------|------|
| x | 2 | 5 | 7 | 10 | 12 |
| f(x) | 18 | 180 | 448 | 1210 | 2028 |

- (b) The population (in thousands) of a town in the years 1931,, 1971 are as follows :

| | | | | | |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year | 1931 | 1941 | 1951 | 1961 | 1971 |
| Population | 15 | 20 | 27 | 39 | 52 |

Find the population of the town in 1965 by applying Newton's backward formula.

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(2)

5. (a) Apply Laplace-Everett's formula to obtain the value of y_{25} , given that :
 $y_{20}=2854, y_{24}=3162, y_{28}=3544, y_{32}=3992.$
 (b) Evaluate $\sin(0.197)$ using Stirling's formula from the data given below :

| x | sin x |
|------|---------|
| 0.15 | 0.14944 |
| 0.17 | 0.16918 |
| 0.19 | 0.18886 |
| 0.21 | 0.20846 |
| 0.23 | 0.22798 |

6. (a) Explain the derivation of Lines on Regression.
 (b) Solve the following :
 (i) Prove that $(1+\Delta)(1-\nabla)=1.$
 (ii) Prove that $E=(1-\nabla)^{-1}.$
7. (a) Use Picard's method to obtain y for $x=0.1.$ Given that : $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y^2; y=1$ at $x=0.$

- (b) Use the Runge-Kutta Method to approximate y for $x=0.5$ to $x=1$ using $h=0.5$ given that $x=0$ when $y=1$ and $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x+y}.$

8. (a) Use the Taylor's method to solve the equation $y'=x^2+y^2$ for $x=0.25$ given $y(0)=1.$
 (b) Write short notes on the following :
 (i) Relative Frequency and Cumulative Frequency.
 (ii) A discrete variable and a continuous variable.

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